



LONDON'S LORD MAYOR

A Gorgeous Parade and Sumptuous Banquet Attend His Induction Into Office.

SALISBURY AND BAYARD WERE SPEAKERS

The Prime Minister Expresses the Gratification of Lombard Street at Failure of the American People to Rehabilitate Silver at Recent Election—Venezuelan Question Settled

London, Nov. 9.—The Lord Mayor's show, making the installation into office of the new Lord Mayor, Mr. George Faudel Phillips, started from the Guild Hall at 11 o'clock this forenoon. The weather was bright and sunny, and the crowds which lined the streets through which the pageant passed were enormous.

A MILITARY PARADE.
The procession was more of the nature of a military parade than usual, contingents of regulars, volunteers, cavalry and artillery being included in the line. Among the features of the show were cars containing illustrations of the uniforms worn in the British army within the last century, and similar illustrations of those worn in the navy during the same period. There was also stage coaches containing men and women in the costumes in vogue in 1796. These were followed by the motor cars now in use as street conveyances, and behind them were allegorical cars describing the history of the city of London. The entire show was of a most gorgeous character.

GRAND BANQUET.
There was a sumptuous display tonight at the banquet marking the installation of the new Lord Mayor into office. The banquet hall of the Guild Hall was crowded, many of those present being of world wide celebrity, including Prime Minister Salisbury, the Right Hon. George J. Goschen, First Lord of the Admiralty; Lord George Hamilton, Secretary of State for India; Lord Halsbury, Lord High Chancellor; Right Hon. Charles T. Ritchie, president of the Board of Trade; General Lord Wollesley, commander-in-chief of the British forces; General Sir Herbert Kitchener, Sirdar of the Egyptian army; the Right Hon. William Court Gully, Speaker of the House of Commons, and the Hon. Thomas F. Bayard, the American Ambassador.

BAYARD AND SALISBURY.
Ambassador Bayard responded to the toast, "The Foreign Representatives." Interest centered in the speech made by Lord Salisbury, it being the custom in recent years for the Prime Minister at the Lord Mayor's banquet to make a statement regarding the foreign and domestic policies of the Government. When Lord Salisbury arose to reply to the toast, "Our Ministers," he received an ovation.

AFTER THANKING THE LORD MAYOR AND the others present for warmth of the welcome extended to him, he said:
"I thank the Ambassador of the United States for his presence here and for joining in a great historic meeting. By the few words he has uttered he has raised his own plane of observation so high above the mere level of party that, though contrary to practice to remark upon the internal politics of other States, I may be permitted, without impertinence to congratulate him upon the splendid pronouncement the great people he represents have made in behalf of the principles which lie at the base of all human society. (Cheers.) It is rather a bathos to turn therefrom to the rather unimportant controversy of the country and our have had in recent months. I only do so for the purpose of expressing the belief that it is at an end. (Cheers.)"

VENEZUELAN QUESTION.
"You are aware that in the discussion had with the United States on behalf of their friends in Venezuela our question has not been whether there should be arbitration, but whether arbitration should have unrestricted application, and we have always claimed that those who apart from historic right had the right which attaches to establish settlements should be excluded from arbitration. Our difficulty for months has been to define the settled districts and the solution, and I think that the Government of the United States that we should treat our colonial empire as we treat individuals; that the same lapse of time which protects the latter in civil life from having their title questioned should similarly protect an English colony, but beyond that, when a lapse could not be claimed, there should be an examination of title and all that equity demanded in regard thereto should be granted."

"I do not believe I am using undue cautious words when I declare my belief that this has brought the controversy to an end. (Loud cheers.)"
"It is a matter of no small satisfaction to the Government that a time when an anxious social questions, which are far more important than political questions, are troubling the United States, and, therefore, troubling the world, we should remove any semblance of a political difference that might hinder common action in defense of the common heritages of society."

"We have had an anxious year at the Foreign Office, but we have floated into a period of comparative calm, and I do not intend to trouble you with matters that have passed away."

THE TURKISH QUESTION.
Lord Salisbury then proceeded to the Turkish question. The repeated arguments against Great Britain taking isolated action against the Porte, and emphasized the fact that the military occupation of Turkey would be necessary if such action were taken. Great Britain, he declared, could not occupy the country unless she established con-

scription. He pictured the risk of an European war, and then said that the six great Powers must act in concert. Any one of these Powers was able to veto the others. He denied that the Powers were acting on selfish principles. They had firm ground for difference of opinion. The motives influencing the British Government must influence all conscientious rulers. Her Majesty's Government, he added, had been urged by the Right Hon. John Morley and others to abandon its policy of the past and renounce certain lands, in which case the foreign Powers would accept Great Britain's policy. He did not believe in anything of the sort. At all events he did not see any cause to abandon the policy hitherto pursued or to relinquish an acre of ground now occupied by the British. (Cheers.) Continuing, Lord Salisbury declared that the concert of Europe seemed to be in a more favorable condition to exterminate the terrible disease in the East than ever before. He eulogized the speech made on Tuesday last by M. Hanotaux, the French Foreign Minister, in the Chamber of Deputies. He did not, he said, expect that France would try to baffle the action of the European concert while, he added, the Triple Alliance had always been in sympathy with the British doctrine regarding the Eastern question.

RUSSIAN ANTAGONISM.
Lord Salisbury repudiated the idea that there was necessarily permanent antagonism between Great Britain and Russia. (Cheers.) Such an idea was a superstition of antiquated diplomacy. He had, he said, good ground for believing that Russia had the same views. He did not desire to imply that there was any power with which Great Britain would specially act. He only protested against the idea that any power was specially Great Britain's opponent. He would not say there would be difficulty in concuring in any scheme to exercise force if the other Powers agreed, but he did not know whether the force was mediated against Turkey. He referred to the latest promises of reform made by the Sultan, and said that the future alone could determine how far even such humble promises as these would be realized. He hoped the Powers would be able to convince Turkey that she was drifting in the current towards the East, and that they would succeed in diverting her before she arrived at the edge.

DEATH OF CAPT. R. S. PEGRAM.
A Gallant Confederate Officer and Distinguished Lawyer.
Petersburg, Va., Nov. 9.—(Special)—C. W. Washington, a lawyer, was before the Mayor this morning to answer the charge of attempting to set fire to the kitchen of Mr. A. S. Traylor last night. The case was continued to tomorrow morning. Bail was refused. Mason Lintel, a negro, who made his escape from the Central State Hospital, has been arrested.

Capt. R. S. Pegram, who died in Richmond yesterday, was for some years before and after the war Attorney General of the Commonwealth of Petersburg. On the breaking out of the war the deceased went into the army as a member of the Petersburg Riflemen. He and the late Col. James R. Branch, in the spring of 1862, raised a company of light artillery, of which Capt. Pegram afterwards became captain. The company occupied the redoubt on Griffith's farm, in Prince George county, which was blown up on the 30th of July, 1862. At the time of the blow up, Capt. Pegram was absent, temporarily in Petersburg on business as an officer of court martial. While he was in the field, Capt. Pegram's duties as Attorney for the Commonwealth were discharged by the late Judge Peter P. Battle. About the year 1875 Capt. Pegram was made receiver of the Petersburg and Weldon railroad. Capt. Pegram's remains will arrive here to-morrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock for interment.

Joseph P. Minniford, of Richmond, a son of Col. Jos. P. Minniford, was very seriously injured here on Saturday afternoon in a game of football. The delegates from the Petersburg District to the Virginia Annual Conference, which convenes in Lynchburg on next Wednesday, will leave here to-morrow morning. They are Richard B. Davis, of Petersburg; W. H. Wheany, of Patrick, Chesterfield county; Richard Hartley, of Stony Creek, Sussex county; and J. E. Wedlock, of Dinwiddie county. Bishop W. W. Duncan, who is to preside at the conference, arrived here this morning from Norfolk, and is the guest of Dr. H. G. Leigh, Sr.

Mr. Thomas Ransom, son of Hon. Matt Ransom, United States Minister to Mexico, was taken suddenly ill yesterday at his home near Weldon, N. C., with pneumonia. His condition to-night is very critical.

SHOOTING AT LAMBERT'S POINT.

Two Men Engage in an Affray Which Nearly Terminates Fatally.

Sunday night about 9 o'clock Charles C. Bright and William Wilson, white, became involved in a row at Lambert's Point. During the altercation Bright fired on Wilson and wounded him near the heart.

The injured man was carried to the hospital and Bright was carried before Justice Loper and bailed for his appearance in the sum of \$200. The affair was said to have been the outcome of a game of cards in a saloon, and on this information Constable McKowan searched the cookshop where the affray occurred, but found no evidence that it is a saloon.

Scrap in Talbot Street.

Charles Jaxox and Jim Barber were arrested last night by Detective Arrington to prevent a breach of the peace. The trouble occurred at Jim Barber's saloon, on Talbot street, about midnight. Both parties were reprimanded and discharged. Two minutes later Jaxox returned, his face bleeding from a cut, which he said had been inflicted by Edward Wright.

Both Jaxox and his assailant were locked up.

THE SENATORIAL TOGA

There is Just Now a Great Fight Being Made for It at Atlanta.

ATKINSON AND CLAY TIE IN THE LEAD

Caucus is Deaklocked and It May be Some Time Before a Candidate is Selected—Populists May Get Balance of Power and Elect Whom They Choose of the Democrats.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 9.—At 3:30 o'clock this afternoon the Democratic members of the House and Senate caucused to nominate a candidate for Senator. Adjournment was had at 6:30 until 8 o'clock nomination. The first ballot resulted: Atkinson, 49; Clay, 46; Howell, 38; Lewis, 13; Evans, 13; Robertson, 8; Total, 171. Necessary to a choice, 89. The fifth ballot resulted: Atkinson, 50; Clay, 57; Howell, 40; Lewis, 22. The surprise was Clay's strength. At 10 o'clock a recess was taken for 15 minutes. When the caucus reconvened, there was some new filibustering and another recess was taken for fifteen minutes.

Great Excitement.
No ballot has been taken since the twelfth, and the caucus is now in recess. The galleries, lobbies, and committee rooms were cleared before the first ballot was taken. A great crowd has been waiting outside the doors from the time the voting began, cheering and yelling at the announcements. The preponderance of the cheering is for Howell.

On the tenth ballot Atkinson received 50; Clay, 57; Howell, 39; Lewis, 30; Evans, 4.

On the eleventh ballot Atkinson got 44; Clay, 62; Howell, 36; Lewis, 24; Evans, 10.

Twelfth—Atkinson, 47; Clay, 47; Howell, 36; Lewis, 21; Evans, 15.

The highest vote the candidates have received at any time were: Atkinson, 53 on the sixth; Clay, 57 on the fifth; Howell, 46 on the fourth; Lewis, 32 on the ninth, and Evans, 13 on the first.

The full Democratic vote would be 178, but four members are absent, and from one or seven members have refrained from voting on different ballots. In a full caucus it would take 89 votes to nominate. The least number on any ballot to-night to nominate would have been 83 on the eleventh.

There is some doubt as to which side wanted the recess, and who wants to carry the deadlock over until to-morrow.

ATKINSON IS STRONG.

President Berner, of the Senate, is Governor Atkinson's manager in the caucus. The Fulton county delegation and Senators Dunwoody and Atkinson held his votes very well together until the seventh ballot. It seems to be the field against the Governor. The balloting may run on until after midnight, and it is quite possible that the deadlock may not be broken at all to-night. Balloting in open session begins to-morrow, but before adjourning the caucus will instruct certain members to vote for the lowest man on the list so that the Populists may be prevented from making a nomination.

EPISCOPAL CONGRESS.

Annual Session Convened in This City Next Week.

The Congress of the Protestant Episcopal Church in America will hold its seventeenth annual session in this city beginning next Tuesday, the 17th inst., and continuing until Friday.

The Congress will be one of the most notable gatherings of learned and distinguished clergy and laity that has ever taken place in this country. Eminent prelates and noted laity from all parts of the United States, and also from England will be present and participate in the exercises.

This is the first time the Congress has ever been held outside the great cities. At the request of Bishop A. M. Randolph, of the Virginia Diocese, it was decided to hold the session of 1896 in Norfolk. The local committee has been hard at work making elaborate preparations for the event. Van Wyck Academy, of music, with a seating capacity of 1,500, has been secured, and there two sessions will be held each day during the four days of the Congress. It has always been customary to hold only the first service in a church, the debates all taking place in a public auditorium.

The Congress is a deliberative body. No votes are taken on the subjects discussed and the Congress is vested with no law making power. But from the debates that have taken place at previous sessions have sprung canons which were passed by the next succeeding General convention.

In this respect its sessions and the debates at them are of great importance, often reflecting themselves in the history of the church.

An elaborate and withal a most interesting programme has been arranged for the coming session. It includes a number of momentous subjects, problems to the solution of which the best intellect of the church is now addressing itself.

The first session will be held at old St. Paul Church. An address will be delivered and the Holy Communion celebrated by Right Rev. H. Y. Satterlee, D. D., Bishop of Washington.

At night at the Academy of Music Bishop Randolph will deliver an address of welcome. The programme as arranged will then be fulfilled at successive sessions.

Mrs. Walter Whitehurst Dead.

Mrs. Nannie E. Whitehurst, wife of Mr. Walter Whitehurst, died suddenly Sunday morning at their home at Bayside, aged 29 years. The funeral took place to-day at Haygood Memorial Methodist Church, Princess Anne county. The interment was in the family burial ground at Bayside.

FIXING FOR FUSION

The Gold Democrats and Republicans Have Recently Held Several Conferences.

TALK IS STILL OF LEE FOR GOVERNOR

A Plan Suggested by Which Gold Men Got the Turkey—Hon. W. A. Jones Spoken of as the Democratic Candidate for Governor—Death of Prominent Men.

Richmond, Va., Nov. 9.—(Special)—While there has been no formal action by the Gold Democrats and the Republican leaders looking to fusion next fall, and making the election laws the issue, it is quite certain that gentlemen representing each party have compared notes and are now considering how best to co-operate. A gentleman who is in a position to know the views of many others, told me to-day that he thought the Republicans would agree to this plan. The Gold Democrats to make nominations for the State ticket and for the Legislature in counties and cities having Democratic majorities, and the Republicans to make Legislative nominations in Republican counties and cities. Fitz Lee for Governor, some man from Southwestern Virginia for Lieutenant Governor, and Colonel W. E. Cameron for Attorney General, is the latest ticket suggested. The Gold Democrats have not very strong hopes of inducing Lee to run, but they will try very hard to get him to head the ticket. All the states have Governor O'Ferrall for Senator, but some of the Republicans do not take kindly to this suggestion. Unless all the signs fall there will be some interesting developments politically in Virginia very soon.

JONES FOR GOVERNOR.

Hon. W. A. Jones' constituents down in the First district, are said to be very much opposed to his reported candidacy for Governor. They desire him to continue to serve them in the House of Representatives. Outside of the First District many prominent Democrats hope Mr. Jones will continue in the House. He has been there longer than any of the members-elect from this State, and is considered the ablest man in the delegation. Hon. J. Hoge Tyler is certainly in the race for the nomination, and it can be stated that there are many people urging Hon. J. Taylor Ellyson to run. It would not be surprising if he should consent to enter the race. Within the last few days his friends in various parts of the State have been writing him urging that he be brought out as a candidate.

DANIEL'S GRIT.

Senator Daniel will visit Richmond soon. He has written to a friend saying the Democratic party has simply hailed for "ratons and water, and they do not propose to give up a single musket." The Senator has been asked to come here for conference with reference to plans for next year's battle. Major Daniel is just as firm a believer in free silver as ever.

ROGERS' FIGURING.

Captain Asa Rogers has been sitting up late at nights doing a little figuring on the returns sent in by the Republican precinct chairmen. He says out of about 400 precincts reported, over 13,000 colored votes were shut out, and if the ratio is kept up this odd thousand Republicans lost their votes. By his calculation McKinley ought to have had the electoral vote of Virginia.

REGRET TO LOSE HIM.

Everybody here deeply regrets that Rev. H. M. Hope has decided to sever his connection with Clay Street Methodist Church, to accept the Secretaryship of the Y. M. C. A. in Petersburg. Mr. Hope is remarkably popular with all who know him. He will continue to serve his church until the Conference appoints his successor. Rev. E. H. Rawlings, of Norfolk, is spoken of for the place.

CAPTAIN R. G. PEGRAM DEAD.

Captain R. G. Pegram died yesterday. He was one of the ablest lawyers here, being a member of the firm of Pegram & Stringfellow.

THE DIVINE HEALER.

August Schrader, the Divine Healer, who has been here a day or so, left his boarding house, No. 612 East Marshall street, at about an afternoon train to Lynchburg yesterday. All day Saturday he was kept busy blessing folks and stamping his name on handkerchiefs. Yesterday hundreds of persons called. Some went because they had faith in the man, and others went to see the long-haired, bush-bearded healer.

For False Pretences.

Henry Jones, colored, who was formerly employed by Amos P. Jordan about two weeks ago, after being discharged by Mr. Jordan, went to Dusch's stall in the market and obtained a quantity of beef, representing that it was for Mr. Jordan. He also obtained a quantity of fish from Charles Walker. The police have been looking for him ever since, and last night he was arrested by Detectives Arrington, Snowden and Ruddick.

A Fireman Hurt.

A small blaze in the rear of John T. Howard's storehouse, at the corner of Bank street and City Hall avenue, caused an alarm of fire at 1:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The loss was nominal.

On the way to the fire, W. H. Knight, of Engine Company No. 1, was thrown from a horse carriage and his head was badly cut.

Stole Seven Tons of Coal.

Special Officer Frank Barron, of the Norfolk & Western Railway, last night arrested Robert Faxon and Robert Anderson, colored, on the charge of stealing at odd times from coal cars of the company seven tons of coal. The prisoners were lodged at the station house.

FIGHTERS

Solly Smith Wins from Willie Smith in the Eighth Round.

London, Nov. 9.—The fight between Solly Smith, of Los Angeles, Cal., and Willie Smith, the feather weight champion of England, for a purse of £500 took place to-night at the National Sporting Club. The American was awarded the fight in the eighth round.

A big crowd witnessed the fight. The Englishman was the favorite at odds of 7 to 4 early in the day, but a fair amount of money was laid on the American at night, the odds then falling to 6 to 4 on the Englishman. Both men fought at 116 pounds. Solly Smith's seconds were Trainer Denton and Dolly Monroe, while Burge and Orange acted in a similar capacity for the Englishman.

Solly opened the fight with a wicked swing. His rushes puzzled the Englishman, but the first round was harmless. In the second round Solly forced the fighting, but a heavy blow aimed at his opponent missing his mark, he fell upon his knees. Shortly afterward he again missed, landing a smashing blow.

In the third round Solly landed a stinging left-hander on Willie's chin, knocking him clean off his feet. The Englishman was down for six seconds.

If Solly had studied himself he might have ended the fight in this round, as when the Englishman got on his feet he was all about, and Solly punished him right and left.

When time was called for the fourth round the American was again the aggressor, landing repeatedly on Willie's throat and head, but the latter was saved only by the call of time.

The sixth round was remarkable for nothing save the strong fighting of the American, who, however, did no very damage to his opponent.

Solly's work in the seventh round was of the hurricane order. He fought the Englishman up and down and the latter was saved only by the call of time.

In the eighth round Solly punched Willie all over the ring until the referee stopped the fight and awarded it to the American.

ACTIVITY

In Southern Business is Noticeable at Many Points.

Savanna, Ga., Nov.—There has been a lively activity in business circles since the election. Merchants report a largely increased trade, and enterprises which have been practically dormant awaiting the result of the financial question, are active.

Macon, Ga., Nov.—The merchants are especially jubilant and are looking for a fine trade during the balance of the winter months. Indications point to the fact that real estate investments will be very large next spring. This is especially true of suburban property, and those who own tracts suitable for residence sites will plat them at once and put them on the market for spring sale.

FIRESWEEP.

The Town of Spencer, W. Va., Nearly Destroyed the Second Time.

Ravenswood, W. Va., Nov. 9.—The entire business portion of the town of Spencer was wiped out by fire at 12:30 last night, including the bank, two hotels and thirty-nine business places. Only two stores are left in the town. The fire originated in the Simmons block opposite the courthouse. This same territory was burned out in 1885.

RELEASE

From Prison Has Been Promised Mrs. Castle.

London, Nov. 9.—The Southern Associated Press is informed that Mrs. Ella Castle, of San Francisco, sentenced a few days ago to three months imprisonment for shoplifting, will be released to-morrow.

She is at present in the hospital of Holloway jail.

Not Dead but Almost.

Information was received at the station house last night to the effect that a colored woman named Ella Butt was lying dead at No. 13 Cleveland street. Officer Arrington was dispatched to the scene, and returned with the report that the woman was not dead, but had apparently been terribly beaten. She was unconscious, and the right side of her face was badly swollen. She was resuscitated, and in reply to questions as to how she came to be in her dilapidated condition, said she had run against a post. The impression is that she is afraid to tell the name of her assailant.

Board of Lady Managers.

The boarders to the Boy's Home met yesterday at that institution and elected the following Board of Lady Managers: Mesdames Sams, Hallett, Jenkins, Hulan, De Cordy, White, Lander, Gurriel, Lyman, Mack, Cecil, Sharp, Lamb, Greenwood, Bruce, Hughes, Stephen, Edwards, Rettew, Burwell, Page, Tenney, Burruss, Foster, Zana, Nash, Balsom, Ruffin, Misses Roundtree and Bland. A meeting will be held on the first Thursday in December to elect officers for the Home.

Claimed He Was Robbed.

A colored man named A. S. Johnson called at the Police Station last night and claimed that he had been robbed by another colored man, one Monroe Scull, of a ten-dollar bill, and that the thief had also assaulted him. A warrant was at once issued for the alleged thief, who was presently arrested and brought to the station-house, where he strenuously denied both charges. The Police Court will investigate the affair this morning.

BRECKINRIDGE

Will Not Contest but He Dies Hard.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 9.—Col. Breckinridge will not make a formal contest for the Ashland District seat in Congress, but he will offer a protest before the State Returning Board against the vote of Owen county being counted because of violations of the election law.

The shipments of fractional silver coin from November 1st to 17th aggregated \$221,000.

"Newest Discovery"—Ext. teeth: no pain. N. Y. D. Rooms, Ennis, 162 Main.

TEXAS ON THE BOTTOM

The Big Battleship Adds Another to Her Long List of Accidents.

SHE SANK AT BROOKLYN NAVY-YARD

One of Her Seacocks Gave Way and She Went to the Bottom at Once—The Starboard and Port Engine Compartments Full of Water—A Board of Inquiry Called.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The Navy Department is notified that the battleship Texas is resting on the mud alongside the Col dock at the Brooklyn Navy-yard, with both engine rooms and compartments (this morning) and the vessel settled on the bottom at once. Engineer Higgins, who was in one of the engine rooms, had a narrow escape.

The department this afternoon received the following from Commodore Board, commandant of the Brooklyn Navy-yard:

HOW SHE WENT DOWN.

A section of Texas starboard main injection pipe was removed for repairs and the pipe seaward was blanked off just inside of the main injection valve, just above the floor plates. This morning, about 6 o'clock, the yoke through which the steam to the injection valve passed, broke under the pressure of water outside, and the sea water filled the engine compartment, and thence leaked through the closed water tight doors and gradually filled the port engine compartment. Ship and her parts. The ship settled down upon the soft bottom, heading south and now lies easily at high water in 25 feet of water, port side, and 20 feet starboard side, secured to Col dock just south of Vermont's stern and listed about six degrees to starboard. Two tugs of Chapman Wrecking Company are alongside pumping, and diver down in starboard engine room endeavoring to stop leak. Narketa in attendance; Nina's boilers repairing, so cannot be used. Dry Dock No. 2 is being prepared to receive Texas as soon as the leak is stopped. Further details will be wired as soon as obtainable.

(Signed)
As the workmen had left the valve all right Saturday night, the accident certainly this morning before work was resumed indicates that the yoke gave way to the pressure that had been upon it for about thirty-six hours. The reference to the naval tugs Narketa and Nina is taken as explaining why outside tugs were called upon in the emergency.

A COURT OF INQUIRY.

In another telegram Commodore Seward asked that a court of inquiry into the accident be ordered. This was done by Secretary Herbert, who made the following detail for the court: Commodore J. N. Miller, now commandant of the Boston yard; Chief Engineer W. W. Duncan, the senior officer of his corps, now inspector of machinery at Cramps, and Naval Constructor J. F. Hanson, with Lieutenant R. T. Walling as judge advocate. The court will meet at the navy-yard, New York, at 11 p. m. Wednesday.

New York, Nov. 9.—Later—The battleship Texas was floated this evening. She will be docked to-morrow.

PARDON

Granted A. U. R. Strikers by the President.

Washington, Nov. 9.—The President has pardoned W. H. Clune, Isaac Ross and Phillip Stanwood, of California, sentenced December 6th, 1894, to pay a fine of one dollar and to be confined in Los Angeles county jail eighteen months for conspiracy in violation of Section 5440, Revised Statutes, the offense being committed in the railroad riots at that time general throughout the country.

These cases were appealed to the United States Supreme Court and sentence was suspended until the Court affirmed the sentence of the lower court last spring.

The President wrote the following endorsement on the application: "These convicts have suffered more than nine months' imprisonment under their sentence. I am bound to assume that they were guilty of the offense, and in the commission of which they aided and encouraged an unlawful defiance of authority which threatened the most distressing consequences. I am convinced, however, that these men are not criminals, but laboring men swept into a violation of the law by first yielding to the counsels of disorder. Others besides themselves are suffering humiliation and deprivation on account of their wrong doing; and I am led to believe that the purposes of punishment so far as the effect on the prisoners is concerned, have been fully accomplished. I am also convinced that the imprisonment already suffered by these prisoners will be ample warning to the thousands equally guilty, though unpunished, and to those who may be hereafter tempted, that the laws enacted to secure peace and order must be obeyed."

\$25,000 Worth of Dress Goods and Novelties Must Be Sold in Sixty Days.

The entire stock must be sold in sixty days, regardless of cost. Think of all-wool Suiting, worth 25c, now 10c. Ladies' Cloth, worth 50c, now 25c. Ladies' Cloth, worth \$1, now 60c. Fancy Dress Goods, worth 50c, now 25c. Novelty Dress Goods, worth \$1.50, now 85c. Silks, worth 75c, now 40c. Silks, worth \$1.50, now 85c. Job lot of Capes for Ladies from 50c up, worth \$1.50 to \$3.00. Jackets from 50c up. Elderdawn Sack, worth \$1.25, now 60c. Sack, worth \$1.50, now \$1.00. Sack, worth \$2.00, now \$1.15. Two thousand yards of Pride of the Mill Cottons, worth 12c will go while it lasts at 6c. Outing worth 8c, now 45c. Outing worth 10c, now 8c. Remnants of Percale worth 10c, go while they last at 4c.

Remember, all goods must be sold in sixty days by the Trustee of R. A. Saunders.

Kentucky's Vote.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 9.—The Times places McKinley's plurality at 576, with official returns from four counties missing.